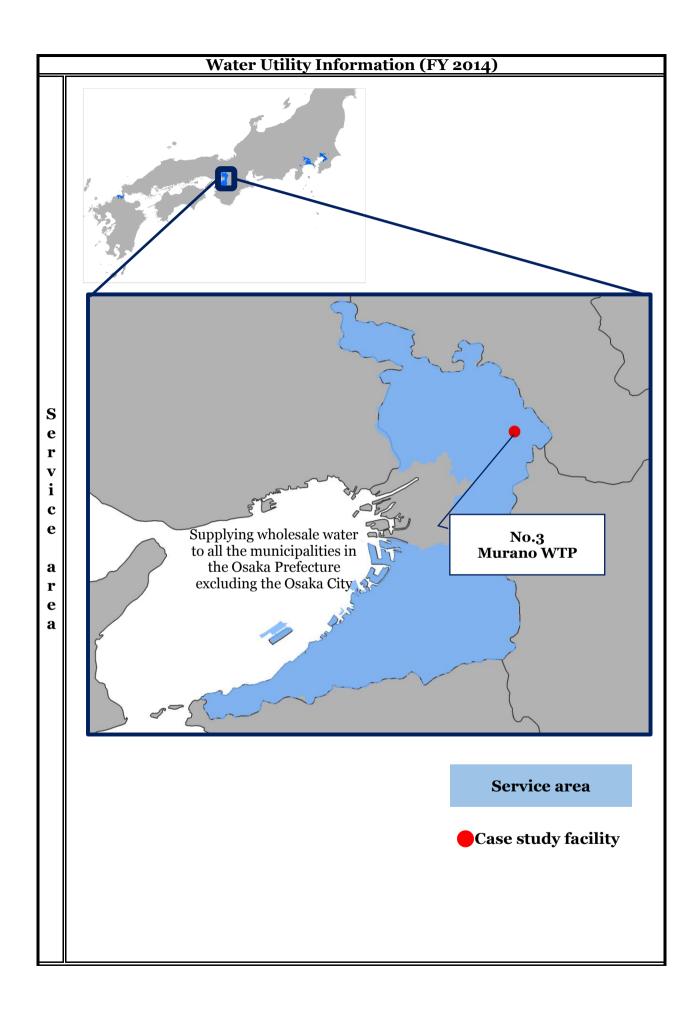
Water Utility Information (FY 2014)											
	Name of utility:		Osaka Water Supply Authority		Service type:		Wholesale water supply				
	Administrative population*1:		6.9 million pooplo		Start of service*2:		2011				
	Population served*1:				Service area*3:		1100.46	km²			
	Volume of water supply										
		Average daily	1.4 million	m³/d	Break down	Household use	_	m³/d			
D						Commercial and institutional use:	-	m³/d			
В		water supply:				Others:	_	m^3/d			
a s i c						Wholesale water supply	1.4 million	m³/d			
S		Average daily water supply per person*4:	252.3	L/person/d	Service coverage:		_	%			
		Effectiveness:	100.0	%	Revenue water:		100.0	%			
		NRW:	0.0	%	Water loss		0.0	%			
	Note: as a wholesale supplier, service coverage is not applicable. NRW and water loss are both 0%.										
	Water rates										
		Water ra	ates for 10m3/month:		-		yen (including taxes)				
		Water production cost:	64.35	yen/m³	Water supply cost:		75	yen/m³			

Water Utility Information (FY 2014)										
Name				Capacity		Water source		Treatment process		
F		Murano WTP		1,797,000	m ³ /d	Surface water		Coagulation/sedimentation + Rapid filtration + Ozone + Granular activated carbon + Chlorine disinfection		
a c i l i t i e s	Water Treatment Plants:			203,000	m³/d	Surface water		Coagulation/sedimentation (only in the event of high turbidity events) + Biological treatment (contact filtration) + 2nd coagulation + Rapid filtration + Ozone + Granular activated carbon + Chlorine disinfection		
		Mishima WTP		330,000	m³/d	Surface	e water	Biological treatment (honeyc tube) + Coagulation/sediment + Rapid filtration + Ozone Granular activated carbon Chlorine disinfection		tation e +
		Total		2,330,000	m³/d					
P i p e s	Pipeline length:	573.19	km	Conveyance:	16	5.698	km	Transmission :	549.363	km
				Distribution :		0	km	Others:	7.129	km
	Type of material:	·Cast iron 35.560 km ·Ductile iron 435.630 km ·Steel 101.999 km ·Stainless 0.025 km								
O t h e r s	Other information:	 Number of employees: 376 Seismic reinforcement rate of pumping stations: 100% Seismic reinforcement rate of distribtuion reservoirs: 10.4% Maximum daily supply: 1.56 million m3 Maximum facility utilization rate: 66.9% (Maximum daily supply/treatment capacity) Facility utilization rate: 60.7% (Average daily water supply/treatment capacity) 								
	Remarks:	● Primary reference materials ·Osaka Prefectural Government. Water Supply Service in the Osaka Prefecture in FY2014. http://www.pref.osaka.lg.jp/kankyoeisei/suido/genkyo-26.html ·Osaka Water Supply Authority. Water Suply Statistics Annual Report FY2014. http://www.wsa-osaka.jp/siryoushu/toukei-nepo/26toukei_index.html *1 The administrative population and the population served are those of the 42 municipalities in the Osaka Prefecture (excluding the Osaka City) in FY2014. *2 The water supply department of the Osake Prefectural Government (the predecessor of the Osaka Wate Supply Authority) was created in 1940 and began water supply in 1951. *3 Of the 42 municipalities in the Osaka Prefecture (excluding the Osaka City) in FY2013. *4 Of the 42 municipalities in the Osaka Prefecture (excluding the Osaka City) in FY2012. *5 The water treatment plants for industrial users are not listed here.								



	Cas	se Study Report (Murano Water Treatment Plant)						
	Case #3	Murano Water Treatment Plant						
	Key word:	Advanced water treatment (ozone + granular activated carbon), Multi-story water treatment facility, Water pressure differential power generation, Surface water (river) Outline> 'The Murano Water Treatment Plant is responsible for approximately 80% of the utility's water production. Ozonation and granular acivated carbon (GAC) treatment was installed in 1998 to address issues of musty odor and trihalomethane. <characteristics> One of the largest water treatment plants in Japan in terms of capacity One of the first water treatment plants in Japan that adopted ozone and GAC A very rare, multi-story water treatment facility <the (the="" 1980.="" 1994="" 275,000="" a="" advanced="" are="" building="" buildings.="" capacity="" connected="" contains="" d.="" each="" equipments="" etc.="" facility="" facility.)<="" filtration,="" for="" gac="" has="" in="" installed="" july="" located="" m3="" multi-story="" multiple="" of="" on="" operation="" ozonation,="" p="" process="" sedimentation,="" started="" stories="" the="" these="" treatment="" two="" was="" water=""> •When a water demand increase in the 1970s required an enhancement of the utility's water supply capacity, there was not enough available area on the premises to build a new facility. The utility thought it better, however, if a new facility could use some of the existing Murano facilities so they wouldn't have to build new ones. Their answer was the multi-story water treatment facility that requires much smaller site space and thus allows for more efficient daily inspections and repair work of the equipments. •The facility has a pressure differential power generation system. Using a 10-meter difference in water levels among basins, it provides a maximum electricity of 240 kw. The accumulated electricity in 2014 was 1.41 million kWh.</the></characteristics>						
Water Treatm	Outline:							
e n	Address:	Murano Takamidai 7-2, Hirakata City, Osaka Prefecture						
''	Land area:	317,756 m ²						
P	Water treatment process:	Coagulation/sedimentation + Rapid filtration + Ozone + GAC + Chlorine disinfection						
r	Capacity:	1,797,000 m3/d						
o	Water source:	Surface water (Yodo River)						
c e s s	Raw water quality:	■ Since the plant abstracts water from the downstream of the Yodo River, the raw water is affected by the use in the upstream side of the river. It used to contain much ammonia nitrogen but its concentration has decreased to a non-significant level in recent years due to a development of sewage infrastructure. ■ Because of an influence from the Lake Biwa situated upstream of the Yodo River, the raw water tends to be adversely affected by musty odor, picoplankton growth, and algae growth during summer that increase the pH. Average raw water quality in FY2014 (maximum)> •Turbidity: 8 degrees (62 degrees) •Hardness: 42.6 mg/L (45.1 mg/L) •TOC: 1.8 mg/L						
	Chemical	(2.4 mg/L) • p H: 7.4 (7.8) • Color: 20 degrees (190 degrees) • Geosmin: 0.001 μg/L (0.004 μg/L) • 2-MIB: 0.004 μg/L (0.014 μg/L) • TON: 24 (30) Sulfuric acid (pH adjustment), Sodium hydroxide (pH adjustment),						
	dose:	Polyaluminum chloride (coagulation), Sodium hypochlorite (disinfection)						
	Start of service	1963/7/1						

